The BE1-46N Negative Sequence Overcurrent Relay is microprocessor based to provide a new standard in versatility and control in protecting machines against phase unbalance.

**FEATURES**

- Unaffected by frequency variations of ±10%.
- Operating time adapts to rotor temperature effects due to prior unbalance heating.
- Relay operating characteristics are expressed as: \( \int I_2^2 dt \leq K \)
- Low sensing and supply burdens.
- Optional remote \( I_2 \) meter and oscillograph start contact.
- Qualified to the requirements of
  — ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1-1989 for surge withstand capability,
  — ANSI/IEEE C37.90-1989 for dielectric tests,
  — IEC 255-5 for impulse.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

**INSTRUCTION MANUAL**
Request publication 9-1700-00-990

**STANDARDS, DIMENSIONS & ACCESSORIES**
Request bulletin SDA
APPLICATION

PURPOSE

The BE1-46N responds to the negative phase sequence current which flows during unbalance faults or loads on a power system. The BE1-46N is used to protect machines against excessive heating damage due to prolonged current unbalance.

Unbalanced loading or faults on the power system which are not removed or isolated can cause serious damage to rotating machinery. The BE1-46N Negative Sequence Overcurrent Relay protects the machine from damage when the protective scheme, or other external action to the generator, fails to eliminate the unbalanced condition.

The principles of symmetrical components allow an unbalanced system to be considered as three separate, balanced subsystems. These balanced subsystems may then be analyzed as independent quantities. These quantities are the positive, negative and zero sequence components.

The positive sequence component (I_1), represents the quantity which has normal phase rotation and produces no adverse effect on machinery. An ideally balanced system contains only positive sequence phase currents and voltages.

The negative sequence component (I_2), on the other hand, produces a stator magnetic flux that has the same rotational speed as the motor flux, but in the opposite direction. This flux is cut by the rotor at twice the rotational speed. This induces double eddy currents into the rotor iron and windings, and if allowed to persist, could result in severe damage to the machine.

The zero sequence component (I_0) also has no direct adverse effect on machines as it produces no appreciable magnetic flux and causes no excessive heating.

The BE1-46N, due to its built-in selectivity and sensitivity independent of frequency deviations, can precisely monitor the magnitude and control the duration of the negative sequence current component. The BE1-46N incorporates a time delay that replicates the generator’s heating characteristics and provides an alarm element to allow optimum use of the relay’s time delay and provide the maximum amount of time to locate and isolate the fault while avoiding damage to the generator.

The BE1-46N is specifically designed for use with any polyphase machine having a I_2^2t limit between 1 and 99, and where the quality of desired system protection is of utmost importance. The relay is thus applicable to virtually all machines regardless of size or type of construction.

SPECIFICATIONS

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The specifications on these pages define the many features and options that can be combined to exactly satisfy an application requirement. The block diagram Figure 1, illustrates how the various standard features, as well as the options, function together.

INPUTS

Current Sensing
5 Ampere CT: 5A nominal (50/60Hz) current transformers; 10A continuous current, 250A one second current, 2VA burden maximum per phase, frequency range 45 to 55 Hz for 50Hz systems and 55 to 65Hz for 60Hz systems.

1 Ampere CT: 1A nominal (60Hz) current transformers; 2A continuous current, 50A one second current, 2VA burden maximum per phase, frequency range 45 to 55Hz for 50Hz systems and 55 to 65Hz for 60Hz systems.
SPECIFICATIONS (Continued)

Power Supply
One of five power supply types may be selected to provide internal operating power. They are described in Table 1.

TABLE 1. POWER SUPPLY OPTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>O</th>
<th>P</th>
<th>R</th>
<th>S</th>
<th>T</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nominal Voltage</td>
<td>48Vdc</td>
<td>125Vdc</td>
<td>24Vdc</td>
<td>48Vdc</td>
<td>250Vdc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>120Vac</td>
<td>125Vdc</td>
<td></td>
<td>125Vdc</td>
<td>230Vac</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burden</td>
<td>6.96W</td>
<td>7.60W</td>
<td>7.38W</td>
<td>6.96W</td>
<td>10.25W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18.01VA</td>
<td>7.60VA</td>
<td></td>
<td>7.60VA</td>
<td>28.03VA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ALARM AND TRIP LEVEL DETECTORS
The representative per-unit (p.u.) negative sequence voltage established by the TAP ADJUST switch is compared to the front panel ALARM setting by the alarm level detector circuitry.

Likewise, the p.u. voltage is compared to the front panel PICKUP setting by the trip level detector circuitry. The range of the ALARM and PICKUP settings is 1 to 50% negative sequence with an accuracy of ±0.5% of \( I_2 \) negative sequence current.
ALARM TIMING

Once the ALARM setting has been exceeded, a red front panel LED is illuminated. After a time delay of 3 seconds an output contact is operated. The 3 second time delay is factor set to prevent nuisance alarms for transient conditions.

PICKUP TIME DELAY

Once the front panel PICKUP setting has been exceeded, a red LED is illuminated and the pickup time delay is started. The pickup time delay is determined by integrating $I_2^2dt$. The elapsed time of the time delay is reached when the $I_2^2dt$ equals or exceeds the front panel setting for K. The range of the K-SET is 1 to 99, which allows the negative sequence relay to be matched to a large variety of machines. The accuracy of the timing function is $\pm 5\%$ of the characteristic curve, see Figure 2. When the value of the negative sequence current falls below the setting, the integrator resets at a linear rate of 2.5 seconds per percent of full scale trip time. This stimulates the cooling characteristics of the protected machine. Once the pickup time delay has been exceeded an output contact is energized.

MINIMUM TRIP TIMER

The minimum trip timer is initiated when the PICKUP setting is exceeded and also resets when the percent of negative sequence current falls below the PICKUP setting. The time is factory set at 200 milliseconds. This time ensures a minimum operate time in the event the integrator resets just prior to tripping and the negative sequence current has once again exceeded the PICKUP setting.

MAXIMUM TRIP TIMER

The maximum trip timer is initiated when the PICKUP setting is exceeded and resets when the percent of negative sequence current falls below the PICKUP setting. The time is adjustable over the range of 10 to 990 seconds with an accuracy of $\pm 5\%$ of the setting.

TARGETS

Magnetically latched, manually reset, target indicators are optionally available to indicate that an output has tripped. Either internally operated or current operated targets may be specified. Current operated targets require 0.2 A in the output trip circuit to actuate, and trip circuit current must not exceed 30 A for 0.2 seconds, 7 A for 2 minutes, and 3 A continuous. Current operated targets may be selected only when normally open (NO) contacts have been specified.

OUTPUTS

Alarm and Trip

Alarm and Trip output contacts, as well as auxiliary output contacts are rated as follows:

Resistive

120/240Vac - make 30A for 0.2 seconds, carry 7A continuously, break 7A.

250Vdc - make and carry 30A for 0.2 seconds, carry 7A continuously, break 0.3A.

Inductive

120/240Vac, 125/250Vdc Make and carry 30A for 0.2 seconds, carry 7A continuously, and break 0.3A. (L/R=0.04).
Oscillograph Start
The BE1-46N has an optionally available oscillograph start function. This function provides a contact output (NO or NC) when the level of negative sequence current has exceeded the pickup point and the minimum trip timer has timed out. Oscillograph start output contacts are rated at 0.5 A at 48 Vdc.

Remote Meter
The BE1-46N has an optionally available remote external meter that displays the magnitude of the sensed negative sequence current as a percentage of the nominal full load current. Full scale deflection of the meter will correspond to 50 percent. When this option is selected a standard 4.5 inch switchboard type meter will be shipped with the relay package. See Figure 3. Meter is accurate to within ±1% over the temperature range.

NOTE: Connection between relay and meter should be made using no less than a 20 gauge, twisted shielded conductor grounded at the relay case.

Push-to-Energize-Output Pushbuttons
Applying a thin non-conducting rod through a hole in the front panel energizes each output relay for testing the external trip circuits.

MICROPROCESSOR
The heart of the BE1-46N is its 8-bit, low power, CMOS microprocessor. The microprocessor is ultimately responsible for the control of all timing and comparison functions of the relay, and is capable of providing these functions with high accuracy. Greater selectivity, sensitivity and speed can be achieved through the use of microprocessor technology and in the case of the BE1-46N, will provide reliable and dependable operation for years of secure service.

PROGRAM MONITOR
The program monitor provides a dual function for the BE1-46N relay. As the relay is being powered up, the program monitor ensures that the program begins from its initial starting point and that any or all old data that may have been present is cleared.

During normal relay operation, the program requires the microprocessor to output a series of pulses at regular intervals. The program monitor senses these pulses and, in the event the pulses are disrupted in any way, causes the microprocessor to reset to its initial state, clearing all old data and re-initializing the program.

SURGE WITHSTAND CAPABILITY

MECHANICAL

Meter Temperature Range
-5°C to +45°C

Operating Temperature
-40°C (-40°F) to +70°C (+158°F)

Storage Temperature
-65°C (-85°F) to +100°C (+212°F)

Weight
13.5 pounds maximum

Shock
In standard tests, the relay has withstood 15g in each of three mutually perpendicular axes without structural damage or degradation of performance.

Vibration
In standard tests, the relay has withstood 2g in each of three mutually perpendicular axes swept over the range of 10 to 500 Hz for a total of six sweeps, 15 minutes for each sweep, without structural damage or degradation of performance.
CONNECTIONS

Figure 4 - Current Sensing

Figure 5 - Remote Meter

LEGEND:
46N - Negative Sequence Overcurrent relay
52 - Circuit breaker
52a - Circuit breaker auxiliary contacts
TC - Trip coil

Optional, internally operated or current operated. Current operated shown.
Optional, auxiliary output contacts (NO or NC).
Optional, oscillograph start contacts (NO or NC)

Figure 6 - Control Circuits
ORDERING

MODEL NUMBER
BE1-46N Negative Sequence Overcurrent Relay

STYLE NUMBER
The style number appears on the front panel, drawout cradle, and inside the case assembly. This style number is an alphanumeric combination of characters identifying the features included in a particular unit. The sample style number below illustrates the manner in which the various features are designated. The Style Number Identification Chart (page 8) defines each of the options and characteristics available for this device.

SAMPLE STYLE NUMBER: G1H B8S B1B1F
The style number above describes a BE1-46N negative sequence overcurrent relay having the following features.

Sensing Input Type (G) Three-phase negative sequence current
Sensing Input Range (1) 3 to 5A nominal at 60 Hz.
Output (H) Alarm output NC and trip output NO

Timing (B8) I^2t timing characteristic
Power Supply (S) 48 or 125Vdc power supply
Target (B) One current operated target indicator
Option 1 (1) Remote I^2 meter
Option 2 (B) Oscillograph start function NC contacts
Option 3 (1) Auxiliary output contact NO
Option 4 (F) Semi-flush mounting

NOTE: The description of a complete relay must include both the model number and the style number.

SAMPLE STYLE NUMBER ILLUSTRATED

HOW TO ORDER:
Designate the model number followed by the complete Style Number.

STANDARD ACCESSORIES:
The following accessories are available for the BE1-46N, Negative Sequence Overcurrent Relay.

Test Plug
To allow testing of the relay without removing system wiring, order two test plugs, Basler Electric part number 10095.

Extender Board
The extender board permits troubleshooting of the printed circuit boards outside of the relay cradle. Order Basler Electric part number 9 1655 00 100.

Complete the Style Number by selecting one feature from each column of the Style Number Identification Chart and entering its designation letter or number into the appropriate square. (Two squares are used to indicate time delay characteristics.) All squares must be completed.
STYLE NUMBER IDENTIFICATION CHART

BE1-46N

SENSING INPUT TYPE
G) Three-phase Negative Sequence Current
F) Alarm Output-Normally Open, Trip Output-NC
E) Alarm and Trip Outputs-NO
D) Alarm Output-Normally Open, Trip Output-NC
C) Alarm and Trip Outputs-NC
B) Alarm Output-NC, Trip Output-NO

OUTPUT
E) 48 Vdc
F) 125 Vdc or 100/120 Vac
G) 24 Vdc
H) Switchable 48 Vdc/125 Vdc
I) 250 Vdc/230 Vac

POWER SUPPLY

TARGET
N) None
A) One Internally Operated Target-Trip Output
B) One Current Operated Target-Trip Output

OPTION 1
0) None
1) External Meter for Level Monitoring
2) Push-to-energize Outputs
3) External Meter for Level Monitoring and Push-to-energize Output

OPTION 2
N) None
A) Oscillograph Start Contact-NO
B) Oscillograph Start Contact-NC

OPTION 3
0) None
1) Auxiliary Output Contact-NO
2) Auxiliary Output Contact-NC

OPTION 4
F) Semi-Flush Mounting
P) Projection Mounting

NOTES:
1. Target B is only available when Output is E or H.
2. All relays are supplied in a 51 size case.

TIMING
BB \( L, T \)

SENSE INPUT RANGE
1) 3 to 5 Amps Nominal, 60 Hz.
2) 3 to 5 Amps Nominal, 50 Hz.
3) 0.6 to 1 Amp Nominal, 60 Hz.
4) 0.6 to 1 Amp, 50 Hz.

http://www.basler.com, info@basler.com

Basler Electric
ROUTE 143, BOX 269, HIGHLAND, ILLINOIS U.S.A. 62249
PHONE 618-654-2341  FAX 618-654-2351

P.A.E. Les Pins, 67319 Wasselonne Cedex FRANCE
PHONE (33-3) 88-71-08-01  FAX (33-3) 88-71-08-08
http://www.basler.com, info@basler.com